Chapter 9: Economic Geography Jeopardy

Regions

100- Lumbering, farming, and mining are all examples of what type of economic activity: primary

200- How goods are produced, distributed, financed, sold, and consumed by people: Economics

300- Developed nations tend to have what type of economic category as their top job producer? services

400- What is economic development? level of a country’s development or the process by which an ag society moves toward industrialization and usually higher patterns of income

500- What are the three categories of the service industries? transportation/comm/utilities, producer services, and consumer services

Mobility

100- Which country did the industrial revolution start in? England

200- Which three countries account for 50% of the world’s manufacturing? Japan, U.S., China

300- The two types of industry found before the industrial revolution were: cottage and guild industries

400-Explain the core-periphery pattern that developed with industry: cores are the industrial centers and the periphery are outside areas that resources are brought from. It leads to the impoverishment of the periphery

500- Why does industry tend to move towards NICs? cheap labor, lower environmental standards, close proximity to expanding markets

Globalization

100- Movement of jobs outside of a country of origin is known as? outsourcing

200- What is free trade? What is the purpose of free trade

300- What is a ‘footloose’ industry? An industry reliant on labor forces and moves around to the cheapest labor pool

400-What influences the need of industry to locate near a market? weight, perishability, and fragility of product

500-Why would government intervene with industry? encourage foreign investment, diversify industry, bring industry to poor regions, develop strategic, militarily important industry, and stop mass accumulation in one specific region

Nature-Culture

100- Name three environmental issues associated with economic development. renewable resource depletion, acid rain, climate change, greenhouse gasses, ozone depletion

200- How is acid rain created?

300- What percent of forest cover has been lost since 1950? 1/3

400- What percentage of the world’s energy is produced by fossil fuels? 84%

500-What is the environmental sustainability index?

Cultural Landscape and Misc.

100- Consumer landscapes refer to what? malls, shops, offices

200- Describe the impact of primary industries on the cultural landscape. commercial farming, mining, deforestation

300- How could economic globalization impact culture? alter regional economy, access new cultural products (cultural interaction), large movements from rural to urban areas, reshaping gender roles

400-Circulation landscapes refer to what aspect of the cultural landscape? highways, trains, airports, comm infrastructure

500-Explain the development patterns of early 20th century industrial areas. Outside downtown areas, along railroad routes